

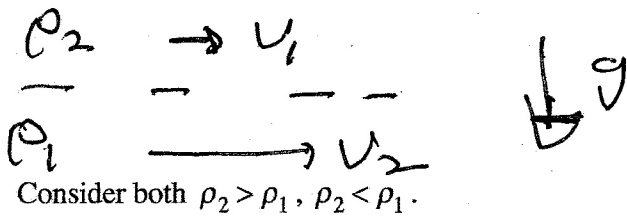
Problem Set II: Due Wednesday, January 21, 2015

1.) Consult the book of your choice, to learn about the Kelvin-Helmholtz instability.

a.) Calculate the growth rate for



b.)



Consider both  $\rho_2 > \rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2 < \rho_1$ .

c.) Discuss your result.

d.) Now include surface tension in part b.).

2.) You toss a small rock in a pond.

a.) Describe quantitatively the long time behavior of the ripples, propagating away from the splash zone. What is the speed of the slowest ripple?

b.) If a large, asymmetric rock were tossed in, how long would it take for the radiated ripples to asymptote to what was described in a.)?

- 3.) Consider a system with  $\partial\rho_0/\partial z > 0$  and  $g$  downward.
- If  $\nu, D \neq 0$ , derive the condition for Rayleigh-Taylor marginality. Take the system in a box of height  $h$ , width  $L$ .
  - If  $\nu \gg D, \nu \ll D$ , what are the forms of the growth rate?
- 4.) Consider 3.), now with a mean flow  $\langle v_x(z) \rangle \hat{x}$ .
- Derive the eigenmode equation for perturbations.
  - Try to construct a criterion for characterizing this system with velocity shear and unstable stratification. [Hint: Explore the Richardson number.]. Map out regimes. [N.B. See Chandrasekhar or Drazin for Ri.]
- 5a.) Consider the system of 3.) with  $\nu = D \neq 0$ . Use mean field theory and linear response to estimate the flux of mass. The system in a box of height  $h$ , width  $L$ .
- How might you estimate amplitudes?